

## 1. Applications

For indoor or outdoor installation in the open-air in-tray, trough, and conduit or for direct burial in free-draining soil or inside duct where no mechanical damage is to be expected. Power cable for utilities low voltage underground distribution systems and in commercial buildings, industrial plants, power stations and substations. Especially for the inverter-to-transformer link in photo-voltaic power stations, where operating voltage not more than 1.0 kV between a conductor to earth or 1.8 kV between phase conductors at a maximum conductor temperature of 90 °C for continuous normal operation and 250 °C for short circuit.

## 2. Reference Standards and documents

The cables covered by this specification are manufactured and tested as per the following references:

2.1	Based on IEC 60502-1 Standard: <i>“Power cables with extruded insulation and their accessories for rated voltages from 1 kV (Um = 1,2 kV) up to 30 kV (Um = 36 kV)” – “Part 1: Cables for rated voltages of 1 kV (Um = 1,2 kV) and 3 kV (Um = 3,6 kV)”</i> .
2.2	Based on SI 1516-1 Standard: <i>“Extruded solid dielectric insulated power cables for rated voltages from 1 kV to 30 kV”</i> .
2.3	Conforms to IEC 60228 Standard: <i>“Conductors of insulated cables”</i>
2.4	Conforms to European Union Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals ( <i>REACH Regulation</i> ).
2.5	Conforms to EU Directive No. 2002/95/CE on Restriction on Hazardous Substances, ( <i>RoHS Directive</i> ).
2.6	Conforms to IEC 60332-1 ( <i>Flame propagation test</i> )

## 3. Low-Voltage Cables Construction

An aluminum, compact stranded round conductor has an extruded cross-linked polyethylene (XLPE) colored insulation applied around the conductor. Three sheathed cables are twisted together - TRIPLEX. A green PVC UV-Resistant outer sheath for domestic Market (for other Markets – Black PVC is used) with printed marking, assessed by using the Arc Xenon test as per [UL 1581](#) & [UL 2556](#) is extruded overall.

### TYPICAL DRAWING



## 4. Low-Voltage Cable Data

### 4.1 TRIPLEX NA2XY FR1 UV ALUMINUM CONDUCTOR

#### Construction and Dimensional Data

Catalog number	Conductor cross-sectional area	Nominal Conductor diameter	Approximate		Minimum bending radius	Max. conductor resistance at 20°C	Short circuit rating, 1sec (1)	Current rating (2)		Voltage drop ac (5)	
			Outer diameter	Cable weight				In Air (3)	Buried (4)	Single phase	Three phase
	mm <sup>2</sup>	mm	mm	kg/km	mm	Ω/km	kA	A		mV/A/m	
337240VUVX3R	3x1x 240	18.6	56	2,890	840	0.125	22.7	393	253	-	0.280
337300VUVX3R	3x1x 300	20.9	61	3,465	915	0.100	28.3	526	276	-	0.200

1. Short-circuit current calculated for adiabatic heating considering a temperature rise from 90°C up to 250°C in 1.0 sec.
2. Current rating based on the value listed in Israeli Electrical Code 2014, for a conductor working temperature of 90°C load factor LF = 1.0 (100%)
3. Current rating for one cable in free air, ambient temperature = 35°C, as per table 90.7 from Israeli Electrical Code.
4. Current rating for one cable in buried duct as per table 90.6 from Israeli Electrical Code, duct buried at 0.8m depth, ambient temperature=30°C, in soil having thermal resistivity of 2.5 K\*m/W.
5. Calculated for one cable, conductor temperature = 90°C, System frequency = 50 Hz, load power factor (cos φ)= 1.0



Rated Voltage  
1/1.8 kV



Conductor Flexibility –  
Stranded CL. 2



Minimum Bending Radius  
during Pull  
15 x D



Maximum Conductor  
Temperature in  
Service 90°C



Lead Free



Flame Retardant  
IEC 60332 - 1



UV-Resistant